



WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

Date reviewed	June 2025
Frequency	Every three years
Next review date	July 2028
Reviewed by	Finance and Personnel Committee

Signed:
Chair of Governors

Dated: 10/07/2025

Signed:
Principal

Dated: 10/07/2025

1. Purpose

- 1.1 To set out the Governing Body's policy and procedure for dealing with concerns raised by employees except allegations of child abuse against teachers and other staff and volunteers which will be dealt with under the "Managing Allegations Against Teachers and Other Staff Policy".

2. Background

- 2.1 As employees are often the first to realise that there may be something wrong within the school, it is important that they feel able to express their concerns without fear of harassment or victimisation. Otherwise they may find it easier to ignore the concern rather than report it. The Public Interest Disclosure Act (in force since January 1999) recognises this fact and is designed to protect employees, who make certain disclosures of information in 'the public interest', from detriment and/or dismissal. This policy builds on the provisions of the Act.
- 2.2 The Governing Body is committed to the highest possible standard of operation, probity and accountability. In line with that commitment, employees and others with serious concerns about any aspect of the school's work are encouraged to come forward and voice those concerns. This policy document makes it clear that employees can do so without fear of reprisals; it is intended to encourage and enable employees to raise serious concerns within the school rather than overlooking a problem or alerting anyone external to the school. It is recognised that cases may have to proceed on a confidential basis.
- 2.3 This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and it may be amended at any time.

3. Aims and Scope of the Policy

- 3.1 This policy aims to:
 - provide avenues for employees to raise concerns internally as a matter of course, and receive feedback on any action taken;
 - provide for matters to be dealt with quickly and appropriately; and ensure that concerns are taken seriously;
 - reassure employees that s/he/they will be protected from reprisals or victimisation for whistle-blowing in good faith;
 - allow employees to take the matter further if s/he/they are dissatisfied with the Governing Body's response.

3.2 This policy describes how any school employee can raise any concerns s/he /they may have about working practices and who should be informed about the concerns. It may be that issues raised via this policy will be addressed via other procedures, e.g. anti-fraud and corruption, grievance, disciplinary, harassment and child protection procedures.

3.3 A **whistleblower** is a person who raises a genuine concern relating to the matters below. If employees have any genuine concerns related to suspected wrongdoing or danger affecting any of our activities (a whistleblowing concern) he/she should report it under this policy. **Whistleblowing** is the disclosure of information which relates to suspected wrongdoing or dangers at work. This may include:

- (a) criminal activity;
- (b) miscarriages of justice;
- (c) danger to health and safety;
- (d) damage to the environment;
- (e) failure to comply with any legal or professional obligation or regulatory requirements;
- (f) bribery;
- (g) financial fraud or mismanagement;
- (h) negligence;
- (i) breach of our internal policies and procedures
- (j) conduct likely to damage our reputation;
- (k) unauthorised disclosure of confidential information;
- (l) examination fraud
- (m) the deliberate concealment of any of the above matters.

3.4 Before initiating the procedure employees should consider the following:

- the responsibility for expressing concerns about unacceptable practice or behaviour rests with all employees;
- employees should use line manager or team meetings and other opportunities to raise questions and seek clarification on issues which are of day-to-day concern;
- whilst it can be difficult to raise concerns about the practice or behaviour of a colleague, employees must act to prevent an escalation of the problem and to prevent themselves being potentially implicated.

- 3.5 All employees have the right to raise concerns, which could be about the actions of other employees, private contractors, governors, volunteers or the Local Authority.
- 3.6 Concerns raised by employees about their own conditions of service, should be addressed via the school's Grievance Procedure or, if the matter relates to salary, the salary review procedures documented in the Whole School Pay Policy.

4. **Safeguards**

4.1 Harassment or Victimation

- 4.1.1 The Governing Body recognises that the decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make, not least because of the fear of reprisal from those responsible for the malpractice. The Governing Body will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will take action to protect employees when they raise a concern in good faith.
- 4.1.2 This does not mean that if an employee is already the subject of internal procedures such as disciplinary or redundancy, that those procedures will be halted as a result of that employee raising a concern under the Whistleblowing Policy.

4.2 Confidentiality

- 4.2.1 We hope that staff will feel able to voice whistleblowing concerns openly under this policy. The Governing Body will make every effort to protect an employee's identity if confidentiality is requested. However, it must be understood that should the concern raised need to be addressed through another procedure, e.g. disciplinary procedures, the employee may be asked to provide a signed statement as part of the evidence, thus revealing identity. Failure to provide such a statement may mean that further action cannot be taken by the Governing Body to address the concern and in some circumstances, the Governing Body may have to disclose the identity of the employee without their consent, although this will be discussed with the employee first.

4.3 Anonymous Allegations

- 4.3.1 Employees are encouraged to put their name to an allegation. Allegations expressed anonymously are much less powerful and more difficult to address, but they will be considered at the discretion of the Governing Body. In exercising the discretion, the factors to be taken into account would include:
 - the seriousness of the issues raised;
 - the credibility of the concern; and
 - the likelihood of confirming the allegation from attributable sources.

4.4 Untrue Allegations

4.4.1 If an employee makes an allegation in good faith, but it is not confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against that employee. If, however, we conclude that an employee has made malicious or vexatious allegations, or with a view to personal gain disciplinary action may be taken against that employee.

4.5 Unfounded Allegations

4.5.1 Following investigation, allegations may be confirmed as unfounded. This outcome will be notified to the employee who raised the concern, who will be informed that the Governing Body deems the matter to be concluded and that it should not be raised again unless new evidence becomes available.

4.6 Support to Employees

4.6.1 It is recognised that raising concerns can be difficult and stressful. Advice and support will be made available, as appropriate, to both the employee(s) raising the concerns and the employee(s) subject to investigation.

5. **How to raise a Concern**

5.1 As a first step, an employee should normally raise concerns with their immediate manager or his/her/their manager's superior. This depends, however, on the seriousness and sensitivity of the issues and who is involved. For example, if an employee believes that his/her/their immediate manager or their manager's superior is involved, s/he/they should approach a nominated senior staff member, or a governor. These are Sarah Thomas, Assistant Head and (nominated governor tbc). An employee (including the Principal and members of the leadership team) can by-pass the direct management line and the Governing Body if s/he/they feels the overall management and Governing Body of a school is engaged in an improper course of action. In this case please refer to section 7 below.

- 5.2 Concerns are better raised in writing. The employee should set out the background and history of the concerns, giving names, dates and places where possible, and the reasons why s/he/they is/are particularly concerned about the situation. If an employee does not feel able to put the concern in writing, s/he/they should telephone or meet the appropriate person. It is important that, however the concern is raised, the employee makes it clear that s/he/they is/are raising the issue via the whistle-blowing procedure.
- 5.3 The earlier an employee expresses the concern, the easier it is to take action.
- 5.4 Although an employee is not expected to prove the truth of an allegation, s/he/they will need to demonstrate to the person contacted that there are sufficient grounds for the concern.

- 5.5 In some instances it may be appropriate for an employee to ask the trade union to raise a matter on the employee's behalf.
- 5.6 At each meeting under this policy the employee may bring a colleague or trade union representative. The companion must respect the confidentiality of the disclosure and any subsequent investigation.

6. The Role of Senior Managers

- 6.1 A senior manager may be informed by an employee about concern(s) and that s/he/they is/are "blowing the whistle" within the procedure in person; or in writing or over the phone.
- 6.2 The senior manager should respond immediately by arranging to meet with the employee to discuss the concern(s) as soon as possible.
- 6.3 Stage One:

6.3.1 At the initial meeting the senior manager should establish that:

- there is genuine cause and sufficient grounds for the concern; and
- the concern has been appropriately raised via the Whistle-blowing Policy.

6.3.2 The senior manager should ask the employee, to put their concern(s) in writing, if s/he/they has not already done so. If the employee is unable to do this the senior manager will take down a written summary of his/her/their concern/s and provide him/her/them with a copy after the meeting. The senior manager should make notes of the discussions with the employee. The employee's letter and/or senior manager's notes should make it clear that the employee is raising the issue via the whistle-blowing procedure and provide:

- the background and history of the concerns; and
- names, dates and places (where possible); and
- the reasons why the employee is particularly concerned about the situation.

6.3.3 The employee should be asked to date and sign their letter and/or the notes of any discussion. The senior manager should positively encourage the employee to do this, as a concern expressed anonymously is much less powerful and much more difficult to address, especially if the letter/notes become evidence in other proceedings, e.g. an internal disciplinary hearing.

6.3.4 The senior manager should follow the policy as set out above and in particular explain to the employee:

- what steps s/he/they intends to take to address the concern;
- how s/he/they will communicate with the employee during and at the end of the process; and that a written response will be sent out within ten working days.
- that their identity will be protected as far as possible, but should the investigation into the concern require the employee to be named as the source of the information, that this will be discussed with the employee before their name is disclosed;
- that the Governing Body will do all that it can to protect the employee from discrimination and/or victimisation;
- that the matter will be taken seriously and investigated immediately; and
- that if the employee's concern, though raised in good faith, is not confirmed by the investigation, no punitive action will be taken against them.

6.3.5 The senior manager should explain to the employee, as a matter of fact, that:

- if clear evidence is uncovered during the investigation that s/he/they has made a malicious or vexatious allegation, disciplinary action may be taken against them; and
- the investigation may confirm their allegations to be unfounded in which case the Governing Body will deem the matter to be concluded and s/he/they will be expected not to raise the concern again, unless new evidence becomes available.

6.4 Stage Two:

6.4.1 Following the initial meeting with the employee, the senior manager should consult with the Principal or Chair of Governors to determine whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take. A record should be made of the decisions and/or agreed actions.

6.4.2 It may be necessary, with anonymous allegations, to consider whether it is possible to take any further action. When making this decision, senior managers should take the following factors into account:

- the seriousness of the issue(s) raised;
- the credibility of the concern(s); and

- the likelihood of confirming the allegation(s) from attributable sources.

6.4.3 In some cases, it may be possible to resolve the concern(s) simply, by agreed action or an explanation regarding the concern(s), without the need for further investigation. However, depending on the nature of the concern(s) it may be necessary for the concern(s) to:

- be investigated internally;
- be referred to the police;
- be referred to the external auditor;
- form the subject of an independent inquiry.

6.4.4 Senior Managers should have a working knowledge and understanding of other school policies and procedures, e.g. disciplinary, harassment, child protection procedures, to ensure that concerns raised by employees are addressed via the appropriate procedure/process. Advice is available from the school's personnel advisers.

6.5 Stage Three

6.5.1 Within ten working days of a concern being received, the manager receiving the concern must write to the employee:

- acknowledging that the concern has been received;
- indicating how they propose to deal with the matter;
- giving an estimate of how long it will take to provide a final response; and/or
- telling the employee whether any initial enquiries have been made; and
- telling the employee whether further investigations will take place, and if not why not; and/or
- letting the employee know when s/he will receive further details if the situation is not yet resolved; and
- providing the employee with details of whom to contact should s/he be dissatisfied with this response (see 7.1 below).

7. Raising Concerns outside the School

7.1 The aim of this policy is to provide an internal mechanism for reporting, investigation and remedying any wrongdoing in the workplace. In most cases the employee should not find it necessary to alert anyone externally. The law recognises that in some circumstances it may be appropriate for the employee to report his/her/their concerns to an external body such as a regulator. It will very rarely if ever be appropriate to alert the media. Employees are strongly encouraged to seek advice before reporting a concern to anyone external. If an employee is not satisfied with the Governing Body's response, the manager should ensure that s/he/they is /are made aware with whom s/he/they may raise the matter externally:

- 'Public Concern at Work' <http://www.pcaw.co.uk>
Tel: 0207 404 6609*;
- recognised trade union;
- a senior DfE officer ;
- the academy's external Auditor;
- relevant professional bodies or regulatory organisations;
- a solicitor;

7.2 The manager should stress to the employee that if s/he/they chooses to take a concern outside the School, it is the employee's responsibility to ensure that confidential information is not disclosed, i.e. confidential information, in whatever format, is not handed over to a third party.

* *Public Concern at Work is a registered charity that employees can contact for advice to assist them in raising concerns about poor practice at work. The charity also provides advice to employers as to the possible ways to address these concerns.*

8. Monitoring and Review

8.1 The Principal will be responsible for monitoring the implementation and effectiveness of this policy/procedure. The policy/procedure will be reviewed by the Governing Body as necessary.

Appendix A

This template can be used to help you report a concern, but is not mandatory.

Dear..... [insert name of your line manager, a senior manager you trust, or details of a designated contact in the whistleblowing policy],

I am writing to you to raise a whistleblowing concern in accordance with the school whistleblowing policy.

My concern is as follows...

Here you should:

- Raise what you have seen, or are personally aware of, and where possible stick to situations or incidents you have seen for yourself rather than what colleagues may have told you
- Set out your concerns in as much detail as possible
 - Outline specifically what the concern is
 - If the concern relates to a particular incident, explain who was involved, and when and where it happened
- Give specific examples of wrongdoing of which you are personally aware. Try to be as clear as possible when explaining why you think this is wrongdoing
- If your concern shows any of the following (whether in the past, present or future) then expressly say this and explain why:
 - A danger to health and safety
 - Failure to comply with a legal obligation
 - A criminal offence
 - Damage to the environment
 - A miscarriage of justice
 - The concealment of any of the above.

am raising these concerns with you openly. I am happy for my identity to be revealed.

OR

I am raising these concerns with you on a confidential basis [in accordance with the company's assurance of confidentiality in the whistleblowing policy]. I do not want my identity to be revealed to any other party without first obtaining my consent. I ask that you investigate the concerns in such a way so as not to reveal my identity.

OR

I am raising these concerns with you anonymously. I do not want to reveal my identity to you. Raising concerns anonymously can make it more difficult to assert your legal rights.

I would be grateful if you could please acknowledge receipt of this letter, and provide a response within two weeks of what action you will take. Please let me know if you need me to clarify any of the above information. I am happy to attend a meeting to discuss these concerns.

Name.....Date.....